



Streaming Avi Vantage Client Logs to an External Server

Avi Technical Reference (v18.2)

Streaming Avi Vantage Client Logs to an External Server [view online](#)

Avi Vantage has a built-in indexing and searching service that provides analytics of the application traffic, as well as Avi Vantage system and configuration events. Some customers wish to incorporate the data into a pre-existing log management system (e.g., Splunk, Sumo Logic, or rsyslog/elasticsearch, etc.).

Avi Vantage can stream application logs directly to an external server. (We are referring to the logs typically visible in the Avi UI as shown below.) The logs are streamed as UDP messages directly from the Avi Service Engines. Customers can provide external server information in a new option under Analytics Profile, `client_log_streaming_config`. Traffic logs of any virtual service that uses such an analytics profile are automatically streamed from the Service Engine(s) on which that VS has been placed. Service Engines use their management interface to connect to a configured external server.

The screenshot shows the Avi Vantage interface for a Virtual Service named 'KB-Prod'. The top navigation bar includes 'Applications', 'Dashboard', 'Virtual Services' (highlighted), and 'Pools'. The user is logged in as 'common (admin)'. The main content area shows 'Virtual Service: KB-Prod' with a notification badge for 67 alerts. Below this are tabs for 'Analytics', 'Logs' (selected), 'Health', 'Clients', 'Security', 'Events', and 'Alerts'. A search bar and 'Export' button are present. The log summary indicates 'Total 12344 Logs' for the period 'May 2, 2017 12:22 PM - May 3, 2017 12:22 PM'. A bar chart shows the distribution of logs, with a legend for 'Non-Significant Logs' (green) and 'Significant Logs' (orange). Below the chart is a table of log entries.

Timestamp	Client IP	URI	Request	Response	Length	Duration
05/03 12:18:01 PM	73.3.107.58	/f...	GET	200	108.6 KB	755ms
05/03 12:13:04 PM	221.220.239.53			0	0 B	0ms
05/03 11:57:56 AM	216.244.66.248	/d...	GET	301	8.4 KB	13ms
05/03 11:57:01 AM	73.3.107.58	/f...	GET	200	116.3 KB	708ms
05/03 11:56:12 AM	216.244.66.248	/d...	GET	200	14.6 KB	13ms
05/03 11:52:19 AM	216.244.66.248	/2...	GET	404	71.3 KB	489ms
05/03 11:47:02 AM	73.3.107.58			0	0 B	0ms
05/03 11:46:33 AM	73.3.107.58	/f...	GET	200	108.3 KB	1s 134.0

Enabling Application Log Streaming via Avi CLI

Create a new AnalyticsProfile object or edit an existing one and set the following fields under the `client_log_streaming_config` subsection for streaming application logs: * `external_server`: The destination server IP address or hostname. If a hostname is provided, it should be resolvable on Avi Service Engines. Starting with Avi Vantage 18.2.3, multiple servers are supported by furnishing a comma-separated list of IP addresses or host names, for example,

```
11.11.11.11,23.12.12.4
```

Optionally, a separate port can be specified for each external server in the list, for example.

```
11.11.11.11:234,12.12.12.12:343
```

The subsection below provides a CLI example. * `external_server_port`: The destination server's service port. The default for this is 514. Starting with Avi Vantage 18.2.3, if multiple external servers have been identified, the single port number specified here will apply to all but those servers for which an explicit port number has been specified in the external server list. * `log_types_to_send`: Type of logs to stream to the external server. Default is `logs_all`, i.e., send all logs. Other options are: * `logs_significant_only`: Only significant logs * `logs_udf_only`: Only logs that match any client log filters or rules with logging enabled * `logs_udf_significant`: Significant logs as well as logs that match any client log filters or rules with logging enabled * `max_logs_per_second`: Maximum number of logs per second streamed to the external server. By default, 100 logs per second are streamed. Set this to zero(0) to not enforce any limit.

Caution: Please see the notes in "Rate Limiting" section below before making any changes to this variable.

```
[admin:node-1]: > configure analyticsprofile streaming-profile
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile> client_log_streaming_config
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> external_server 10.10.25.200
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> log_types_to_send logs_significant_only
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> max_logs_per_second 20
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> save
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile> save
```

Field	Value
...	...
Many lines intentionally left out	
...	...
client_log_streaming_config	
external_server	10.10.25.200
external_server_port	514
log_types_to_send	LOGS_SIGNIFICANT_ONLY
max_logs_per_second	20

```
[admin:node-1]: >
```

After making the changes above, traffic logs of any virtual service associated with this analytics profile will be streamed to the configured external server(s).

Multiple External Server CLI Configuration Example (18.2.3+)

```
[admin:10-10-23-81]: > configure analyticsprofile testprofile
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile> client_log_streaming_config external_server 10.0.0.4,10.0.0.5,10.0.0.6:500
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile> save
```

Field	Value
uuid	analyticsprofile-94517d21-9c61-4255-9325-78954caa1d78
name	testprofile
tenant_ref	admin
Many lines intentionally left out	
client_log_streaming_config	
external_server	10.0.0.4,10.0.0.5,10.0.0.6:500
external_server_port	514
protocol	LOG_STREAMING_PROTOCOL_UDP
log_types_to_send	LOGS_ALL
max_logs_per_second	100
exclude_dns_policy_drop_as_significant	False
disable_ondemand_metrics	False
ondemand_metrics_idle_timeout	1800 seconds
sip_log_depth	20
healthscore_max_server_limit	20
enable_advanced_analytics	True
disable_vs_analytics	False

Enabling Application Log Streaming via Avi UI

Log into the Controller with sufficient administrative privilege to perform the following steps. * Navigate to Templates -> Profiles -> Analytics. * Create a new or select some pre-existing analytics profile to edit. The relevant settings for log streaming are at the very bottom.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Analytics Profile: testvs' configuration page. At the top, there is a field for 'Exclude HTTP Status codes from Error Classification' with the value '400, 401-408, 5XX'. Below this is a section titled 'Network Analytics' which contains two columns of settings. The left column includes 'Client Connection Apdex - Lossy Connection Threshold' (50%), 'TCP Retransmit Threshold' (50%), 'TCP Timeout Threshold' (20%), 'TCP Out-Of-Order Threshold' (50%), and 'TCP Zero Window Threshold' (1%). The right column includes 'Server Connection Apdex - Lossy Connection Threshold' (50%), 'TCP Retransmit Threshold' (50%), 'TCP Timeout Threshold' (20%), 'TCP Out-Of-Order Threshold' (50%), and 'TCP Zero Window Threshold' (1%). Below the network analytics section is a section titled 'Exclude Network Errors' with several checkboxes: 'Client Connection RST', 'Server Connection RST', 'Client Connection Persistence Changed', and 'Client Connection Closed before HTTP Request', all of which are currently unchecked.

• Exclude DNS Errors •

Invalid DNS Query ⓘ

Invalid DNS Domain ⓘ

No DNS Record ⓘ

GSLB Service Down ⓘ

No Valid GSLB Service Member ⓘ

Unsupported DNS Query ⓘ

Server DNS Error ⓘ

• Health Score Analytics •

Performance Boost ⓘ %

Anomaly Penalties ⓘ %

Resource Penalties ⓘ %

Security Penalties ⓘ %

• Client Log Configuration •

Enable Significant Logs ⓘ

Stream Logs to an External Server

Cancel Save

Check the Stream Logs to an External Server option, default for which is OFF. * Complete the form, and click Save.

• Client Log Configuration •

Enable Significant Logs ⓘ

Stream Logs to an External Server

External Server ⓘ

External Server Port ⓘ

Types of Logs to Stream ⓘ
Only significant logs

Max Logs Per Second ⓘ

Cancel Save

- Apply the profile to those virtual services for which log data is to be streamed to the external server.

Rate Limiting

As mentioned above, SEs use their management interface to stream application logs to a configured external server. Since the SE uses the same network interface to synchronize with the Avi Controller, it is necessary to ensure streaming log traffic does not interfere with the management traffic. To that end, Avi Vantage limits the rate of the streaming traffic to some number of log entries streamed per second. The default limit is 100 log entries per second. Though this rate can be changed in the configuration, one should be mindful that streaming logs consumes both SE CPU cycles and bandwidth on the management network.

Formatting of the Streamed Messages

By default, each log is streamed as a JSON-formatted string with no line-breaks.

Example layout:

```
{"adf": 1, "virtualservice": "virtualservice-4abd93ed-9d89-4ca2-813f-f1706285d7c7", "report_timestamp": "2017-05-01T15:"
```

Every log contains a field named *report_timestamp*, that denotes the time at which that log was generated at the corresponding Service Engine.

Starting release 18.1.2, several new formatting options are made available in addition to the existing JSON formatted single-line message as a UDP datagram: * JSON formatted single-line message over a TCP connection * Syslog (RFC 5424) formatted message as a UDP datagram (log information is still represented in JSON format, but enclosed with Syslog header) * Syslog (RFC 5424) formatted message over a TCP connection

Currently, the formatting option can only be changed using the CLI.

Selecting Fields for Log Streaming (18.2.5+)

Starting in 18.2.5, users may explicitly select particular fields to be included in streamed logs. This can potentially reduce the size of each streamed log significantly. Note that fields selected must be at the top level of the client logs.

Note: At this time, this feature is supported in the Avi REST API, Avi CLI, but not the Avi UI.

For example, to stream only the `client_ip`, `uri_path`, and the `response_code` fields, either create a new analytics profile or update an existing one and attach it to the virtual service whose logs are to be streamed. An Avi CLI example follows. The `placesetting X.X.X.X` needs to be set to the IP address of the external server.

```
[admin:10-10-23-81]: > create analyticsprofile selected-fields-profile
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile> client_log_streaming_config
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> external_server X.X.X.X
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config format_config
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> format log_streaming_format_json_selected
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> included_fields uri_path
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> included_fields client_ip
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> included_fields response_code
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> save
[admin:10-10-23-81]: analyticsprofile> save
[admin:10-10-23-81]: save
```

After applying this analytics profile, the streamed log would contain information only for the three selected fields. As an example, the information might appear as follows:

```
{"client_ip": "10.10.22.190", "uri_path": "/not_exist", "response_code": 404}
```

For a full list of top-level fields, substitute an FQDN or IP address for AVI-CONTROLLER and * For HTTP applications, point your browser to `https://AVI-CONTROLLER/api/analytics/logs#HTTPLog` * For non-HTTP services: point your browser to `https://AVI-CONTROLLER/api/analytics/logs#L4Log`

Changing streaming format via Avi CLI

Create a new AnalyticsProfile object or edit an existing one and set the protocol field under the `client_log_streaming_config` subsection for streaming application logs to one of the following options: * `log_streaming_protocol_udp`: Stream logs as UDP datagrams. * `log_streaming_protocol_tcp`: Stream logs over a TCP connection. * `log_streaming_protocol_syslog_over_tcp`: Stream logs using Syslog protocol (RFC5424) with TCP as the transport protocol. * `log_streaming_protocol_syslog_over_udp`: Stream logs using Syslog protocol (RFC5424) with UDP as the transport protocol.

```
[admin:node-1]: > configure analyticsprofile streaming-profile
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile> client_log_streaming_config
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> protocol log_streaming_protocol_syslog_over_tcp
```

```
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> save
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile> save
```

Customizable Fields When Streaming in SYSLOG Format

These fields may be customized when streaming in syslog format, either over UDP or TCP:

- `facility` ? The facility value, as defined in RFC5424. Must be between 0 and 23 inclusive; default is 16.
- `significant_log_severity` ? The severity code, as defined in RFC5424, for significant logs. Must be between 0 and 7 inclusive; default is 4.
- `filtered_log_severity` ? The severity code, as defined in RFC5424, for filtered logs. Must be between 0 and 7 inclusive; default is 5.
- `non_significant_log_severity` ? The severity code, as defined in RFC5424, for non-significant logs. Must be between 0 and 7 inclusive; default is 6.
- `hostname` ? The string to use as the hostname in the syslog messages. This string can contain only printable ASCII characters (hex 21 to hex 7E; no spaces allowed). String length is 255; default is "AviVantage."

These fields are available under the `syslog_config` field under `client_log_streaming_config`.

```
[admin:node-1]: > configure analyticsprofile streaming-profile
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile> client_log_streaming_config
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> syslog_config
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config:syslog_config> hostname Avi-18.1.3-New
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config:syslog_config> save
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile:client_log_streaming_config> save
[admin:node-1]: analyticsprofile> save
```

Streaming Client Logs Directly Without Writing Data to Local or Network Disk

By default, any log (significant, filtered, or non-significant) collected on Services Engines is saved to disk so that the Avi Controller can retrieve them and process them on demand. However, when all logs are streamed from SEs to an external system and no processing by the Avi Controller is desired, saving all logs to disk unnecessarily wastes IO bandwidth. As of Avi Vantage 18.1.2, local- or network-disk logging can be turned off by using either the Avi UI or Avi CLI, as indicated below.

Using the Avi UI

Depicted below are two views of the Client Log Configuration section of the Application Profile editor. In addition to selecting the Stream Logs to an External Server checkbox, the user can independently select the behavior desired for significant, filtered, and non-significant logs.

Client Log Configuration

Enable Significant Logs ? Stream Logs to an External Server

Significant Log Processing Type ?

Sync And Index On Demand ▼

Filtered Log Processing Type ?

Select None to turn off writing log data to local or network disk.

Using the Avi CLI

Parameters under the `client_log_config` field in the Analytics Profile need to be set to `LOG_PROCESSING_NONE`. Those parameters are `significant_log_processing`, `filtered_log_processing`, and `non_significant_log_processing`.

Splunk as the External Server

Splunk can be configured to receive UDP messages on port 514. Please refer to the [documentation](#).

```
./splunk add udp 514 -sourcetype syslog
```

We recommend using `syslog` as the source type to properly interpret the single-line JSON string streamed for each log.

By default, Splunk would timestamp each received log with a timestamp corresponding to the time at which Splunk received that log. To force Splunk to use the `report_timestamp` in the log content as the timestamp for the log, please set the following configuration in `props.conf` :


```
[syslog]
TIME_PREFIX = \"report_timestamp\":\ \"
TIME_FORMAT = %Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S.%5N
```

Please refer to the [documentation](#) for more details.

Screenshot from a Splunk Server:

The screenshot shows the Splunk Search & Reporting interface. The search query is `client_ip=10.90.20.11`. The results show two events from 4/30/17. The first event is at 4:39:39.513 AM and the second is at 4:37:58.386 AM. The interface includes a search bar, a results table, and a sidebar with field selection options.

#	Time	Event
>	4/30/17 4:39:39.513 AM	{\"adfi\": 1, \"virtualservice\": \"virtualservice-dacb8960-d7c2-4059-bbd1-c0657b46f4ee\", \"report_timestamp\": \"2017-04-30T04:39:39.51398\", \"service_engine\": \"10.10.25.204\", \"vcpu_id\": 1, \"log_id\": 6, \"client_ip\": \"10.90.20.11\", \"client_src_port\": 57742, \"client_dest_port\": 9000, \"client_rtt\": 1, \"http_version\": \"1.1\", \"method\": \"GET\", \"uri_path\": \"/notexist.html\", \"referrer\": \"www.avinetworks.com\", \"user_agent\": \"L7ProxyTest\", \"xxff\": \"192.168.1.1 17.33.22.107 12.124.13.12 109.32.12.34 234.12.23.67\", \"host\": \"10.90.20.64:9000\", \"persistent_session_id\": 3472328297305634386, \"response_content_type\": \"text/html\", \"request_length\": 299, \"cacheable\": 1, \"pool\": \"pool-163067c4-edff-4c0f-a708-a96d6d1519ed\", \"pool_name\": \"l7pool1\", \"server_ip\": \"10.90.20.61\", \"server_name\": \"10.90.20.61\", \"server_conn_src_ip\": \"10.90.20.13\", \"server_dest_port\": 80, \"server_src_port\": 42292, \"server_rtt\": 2, \"server_response_length\": 1395, \"server_response_code\": 404, \"server_response_time_first_byte\": 1, \"server_response_time_last_byte\": 1, \"response_length\": 1397, \"response_code\": 404, \"response_time_first_byte\": 1, \"response_time_last_byte\": 1, \"compression\": NO_COMPRESSION_CAN_BE_COMPRESSED, \"client_insights\": NO_INSIGHTS_NOT_SAMPLED_TYPE, \"request_headers\": 689219, \"response_headers\": 13, \"request_state\": AVI_HTTP_REQUEST_STATE_SEND_TO_CLIENT, \"significant_log\": [ADF_RESPONSE_CODE_4XX], \"headers_sent_to_server\": \"X-Forwarded-For: 10.90.20.11 Host: 10.90.20.64:9000 Accept-Encoding: identity Accept: */* User-Agent: L7ProxyTest referer: www.avinetworks.com Authorization: Basic YXZpdXNlcjphdmlic2Vy \", \"headers_received_from_server\": \"Server: nginx/1.2.1 Date: Sun, 30 Apr 2017 04:44:50 GMT Content-Type: text/html Content-Length: 1242 Connection: keep-alive \", \"vs_ip\": \"10.90.20.64\", \"body_updated\": NOT_UPDATED, \"vs_name\": \"l7vs1\"}, host = GMT host = 10.90.20.64:9000 source = udp514 sourcetype = syslog
>	4/30/17 4:37:58.386 AM	{\"virtualservice\": \"virtualservice-84548450-0557-49db-9d1c-8587235388fd\", \"vs_ip\": \"10.90.20.65\", \"client_ip\": \"10.90.20.11\", \"client_src_port\": 46682, \"client_dest_port\": 9001, \"start_timestamp\": \"2017-04-30T04:37:58.369344\", \"report_timestamp\": \"2017-04-30T04:37:58.386961\", \"total_time\": 20, \"connection_ended\": 1, \"client_rtt\": 1, \"ms\": 1448, \"rx_bytes\": 750, \"tx_bytes\": 2690, \"rx_pkts\": 5, \"tx_pkts\": 5, \"service_engine\": \"10.10.25.204\", \"vcpu_id\": 1, \"log_id\": 15, \"pool\": \"pool-38efaf4e-34a4-49df-a6e9-2a487e58f488\", \"pool_name\": \"l4pool1\", \"server_ip\": \"10.90.20.63\", \"server_name\": \"10.90.20.63\", \"server_conn_src_ip\": \"10.90.20.13\", \"server_dest_port\": 80, \"server_src_port\": 39582, \"server_rtt\": 1, \"server_rx_bytes\": 2690, \"server_tx_bytes\": 750, \"server_rx_pkts\": 5, \"server_tx_pkts\": 5, \"num_transaction\": 5, \"proxy_protocol\": PR...